

PROCALCITONIN ALGORITHM FOR GUIDANCE IN ANTIBIOTIC THERAPY DECISIONS IN RESPIRATORY TRACT INFECTIONS AND SEPSIS

A. Algorithm for nonpneumonic upper and/or lower resp. tract infections (URI, bronchitis, etc) in primary care and emergency department (ED) settings.

PCT result Recommendation Regarding use of Abx:	≤0.10 ng/ml Strongly discouraged	<0.25 ng/ml Discouraged	≥0.25 ng/ml Encouraged	>0.50 ng/ml Strongly encouraged
Overruling The algorithm	Consider use of antibiotics if patient is clinically unstable, has strong evidence of pneumonia, is at high risk (ie. COPD GOLD III-IV) or needs hospitalization; can repeat in 4-6 hrs.			
Follow-up	If no improvement, clinician to consider Starting antibiotics.		Reevaluation as appropriate	

B. Algorithm for pneumonic infections in hospital and ED settings.

PCT result Recommendation Regarding use of Abx:	≤0.10 ng/ml Strongly discouraged	<0.25 ng/ml Discouraged	≥0.25 ng/ml Encouraged	>0.50 ng/ml Strongly encouraged
Overruling The algorithm	Consider alternative diagnosis, or Abx if patient is clinically unstable, is at high risk for adverse outcome (eg. PSI classes IV-V, immunosuppression) or has strong evidence of a bacterial pathogen.			
Follow-up	Reassess patient’s condition and recheck PCT level after 6 to 12 hours if admitted. Follow up as appropriate if patient not admitted			

C. Algorithm for sepsis in inpatient and intensive care unit settings.

PCT result Recommendation Regarding use of Abx patients	<0.25 ng/ml Strongly discouraged	<0.50 ng/ml Discouraged	≥0.50 ng/ml Encouraged	>1.0 ng/ml Strongly encouraged
Overruling the algorithm.	Empirical antibiotic therapy recommended in all patients with clinical suspicion of bacterial infection.			
Follow-up	Repeat PCT in 6-12 hours if abx not begun and suspicion for bacterial infection is high.		Reassess patient’s condition and recheck PCT level every 1-2 days to consider cessation of ABX. (see algorithm D)	

D. Algorithm for evaluation of cessation of ABX based on PCT level in septic patients.

PCT result Recommendation Regarding use of Abx	<0.25 ng/ml or drop by >90% Cessation of Abx strongly encouraged	<0.50 ng/ml or drop by >80% Cessation of Abx encouraged	≥0.50 ng/ml Cessation of Abx discouraged	>1.0 ng/ml Cessation of Abx strongly discouraged
Overruling the algorithm	Consider continuation of Abx if patient is clinically unstable.			
Follow-up	Reevaluation as appropriate; recheck PCT every 1-2d		Recheck PCT every 1-2 days A failure of PCT to fall is consistent with inadequate “source control” and/or inappropriate abx coverage.	

*** CESSATION OF THERAPY BASED ON PCT LEVELS REQUIRES ATTENDING PHYSICIAN AUTHORIZATION**

